

Notes for Preventing Burnout What to Do When Leading Weighs You Down Roy Wooten

Burnout is a state of emotional, mental and often physical exhaustion brought on by prolonged or repeated stress. Common signs include:

Fatigue	Physical Complaints	Sleep changes	Appetite changes
Overwhelm	Anxiety	Depression	Lack of joy
Suspiciousness	Concentration Problems	Indecision	Obsessive thoughts
Irritability	Isolation/withdrawal	Anger/blaming	Risky behavior
What are the signs	you are getting crispy?		
some of their traur ourselves in anoth When we show em compassion satisf	onships: When we are exposma with us. This is called secer's shoes, or feel empathy for pathy for those we lead and laction. The or are you doing to prevent	ondary trauma. Wh or another, we have o have peace from ou	en we struggle to put compassion fatigue.
itself. And you have	've dealt with the stressor doo ve to deal with the stress – "Co ret to Unlocking the Stress C	omplete the cycle" -	or it will slowly kill you.
How will you comp	olete your Stress Response C	ycle?	





"The stories we tell ourselves shape our reactions, influencing how we lead and interact and significantly impact our leadership effectiveness." - Burnout Immunity: How emotional intelligence can help you build resilience and heal your relationship with work. Kandi Wiens, EdD
"Leaders who are unaware of their internal emotional world are dangerous. If you don't know your wounds, you'll bleed on everyone around you." - Roy Wooten
How will you raise your emotional awareness?
How will you take care of your earth suit?
"We live in a time when there are so many ways to connect, yet many people struggle with connection. You are wired to connect. It requires compassionate action promoting belonging, network diversity, and healthy boundary-backed rules. It requires you to let go of the myth of solo success." - The Burnout Fix: Overcome overwhelm, beat busy, and sustain success in the new world of work. Dr. Jacinta, M. Jimenez
How will you connect with supportive relationships?





What are you committed to doing that will help you prevent burnout? By when? With whon will you be accountable?					
-					

Self Assessment Instructions

Answer with your first "gut" response as you consider the last 30 days. Exchange the word "help" with "lead". You can use this with your entire team but must use it in this format, unless you receive written permission directly from propol.org.





PROFESSIONAL QUALITY OF LIFE SCALE (PROQOL)

COMPASSION SATISFACTION AND COMPASSION FATIGUE

(PROQOL) VERSION 5 (2009)

When you [help] people you have direct contact with their lives. As you may have found, your compassion for those you [help] can affect you in positive and negative ways. Below are some-questions about your experiences, both positive and negative, as a [helper]. Consider each of the following questions about you and your current work situation. Select the number that honestly reflects how frequently you experienced these things in the <u>last 30 days</u>.

I=Neve	er 2=Rarely	3=Sometimes	4=Often	5=Very Often
1.	I am happy.			
2.	I am preoccupied with more	than one person I [help].		
3.	I get satisfaction from being	• • • •		
4.	I feel connected to others.			
5.	I jump or am startled by une	expected sounds.		
6.	I feel invigorated after work	ing with those I [help].		
7.	I find it difficult to separate r	ny personal life from my life	as a [helþer].	
2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	I am not as productive at wo [help].	ork because I am losing sleep	over traumatic exp	eriences of a person I
9.	I think that I might have bee	n affected by the traumatic st	ress of those I [help	o].
10.	I feel trapped by my job as a	[helper].		
11.	Because of my [helping], I ha	ave felt "on edge" about vario	ous things.	
11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23.	I like my work as a [helper].			
13.	I feel depressed because of the traumatic experiences of the people I [help].			
14.	I feel as though I am experiencing the trauma of someone I have [helped].			
15.	I have beliefs that sustain me.			
16.	I am pleased with how I am	able to keep up with [helping]	techniques and pro	otocols.
17.	I am the person I always war			
18.	My work makes me feel satis			
19.	I feel worn out because of m			
20.		elings about those I [helþ] an		them.
21.		my case [work] load seems of	endless.	
22.	I believe I can make a differe			
	I avoid certain activities or s people I [help].	ituations because they remin	d me of frightening	experiences of the
24.	I am proud of what I can do	to [help].		
25.		have intrusive, frightening the	oughts.	
26.	I feel "bogged down" by the	-		
27.	I have thoughts that I am a "			
28.	-	of my work with trauma vic	tims.	
29.	I am a very caring person.			
24. 25. 26. 27. 28. 29. 30.	I am happy that I chose to d	o this work.		

WHAT IS MY SCORE AND WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

In this section, you will score your test so you understand the interpretation for you. To find your score on **each section**, total the questions listed on the left and then find your score in the table on the right of the section.

Compassion Satisfaction Scale

Copy your rating on each of these questions on to this table and add them up. When you have added then up you can find your score on the table to the right.

3.	
6.	
12.	
16.	
18.	
20.	
22.	
24.	
27.	
30.	

Total:

The sum of my Compassion Satisfaction questions is	So My Score Equals	And my Compassion Satisfaction level is
22 or less	43 or less	Low
Between 23 and 41	Around 50	Average
42 or more	57 or more	High

Burnout Scale

On the burnout scale you will need to take an extra step. Starred items are "reverse scored." If you scored the item 1, write a 5 beside it. The reason we ask you to reverse the scores is because scientifically the measure works better when these questions are asked in a positive way though they can tell us more about their negative form. For example, question 1. "I am happy" tells us more about

You	Change	the effects
Wrote	to	of helping
	5	when you
2	4	are <i>not</i>
3	3	happy so
4	2	you reverse
5		the score

*I.	=	
* 4 .	=	
8.		
10.		
^k 15.	=	
[∗] 17.	=	
19.	-	
21.		
26.		
^k 29.	=	
	 -	

Total: ____

The sum of my Burnout Questions is	So my score equals	And my Burnout level is
22 or less	43 or less	Low
Between 23 and 41	Around 50	Average
42 or more	57 or more	High

Secondary Traumatic Stress Scale

Just like you did on Compassion Satisfaction, copy your rating on each of these questions on to this table and add them up. When you have added then up you can find your score on the table to the right.

5.	
7.	
9.	
П.	
13.	
14.	
23.	
25. [°]	
28.	

Total:

2.

The sum of my Secondary Trauma questions is	So My Score Equals	And my Secondary Traumatic Stress level is
22 or less	43 or less	Low
Between 23 and 41	Around 50	Average
42 or more	57 or more	High

YOUR SCORES ON THE PROQOL: PROFESSIONAL QUALITY OF LIFE SCREENING

Based on your responses, place your personal scores below. If you have any concerns, you should discuss them with a physical or mental health care professional.

Compassion Satisfaction _____

Compassion satisfaction is about the pleasure you derive from being able to do your work well. For example, you may feel like it is a pleasure to help others through your work. You may feel positively about your colleagues or your ability to contribute to the work setting or even the greater good of society. Higher scores on this scale represent a greater satisfaction related to your ability to be an effective caregiver in your job.

The average score is 50 (SD 10; alpha scale reliability .88). About 25% of people score higher than 57 and about 25% of people score below 43. If you are in the higher range, you probably derive a good deal of professional satisfaction from your position. If your scores are below 40, you may either find problems with your job, or there may be some other reason—for example, you might derive your satisfaction from activities other than your job.

Burnout

Most people have an intuitive idea of what burnout is. From the research perspective, burnout is one of the elements of Compassion Fatigue (CF). It is associated with feelings of hopelessness and difficulties in dealing with work or in doing your job effectively. These negative feelings usually have a gradual onset. They can reflect the feeling that your efforts make no difference, or they can be associated with a very high workload or a non-supportive work environment. Higher scores on this scale mean that you are at higher risk for burnout.

The average score on the burnout scale is 50 (SD 10; alpha scale reliability .75). About 25% of people score above 57 and about 25% of people score below 43. If your score is below 43, this probably reflects positive feelings about your ability to be effective in your work. If you score above 57 you may wish to think about what at work makes you feel like you are not effective in your position. Your score may reflect your mood; perhaps you were having a "bad day" or are in need of some time off. If the high score persists or if it is reflective of other worries, it may be a cause for concern.

Secondary Traumatic Stress_____

The second component of Compassion Fatigue (CF) is secondary traumatic stress (STS). It is about your work related, secondary exposure to extremely or traumatically stressful events. Developing problems due to exposure to other's trauma is somewhat rare but does happen to many people who care for those who have experienced extremely or traumatically stressful events. For example, you may repeatedly hear stories about the traumatic things that happen to other people, commonly called Vicarious Traumatization. If your work puts you directly in the path of danger, for example, field work in a war or area of civil violence, this is not secondary exposure; your exposure is primary. However, if you are exposed to others' traumatic events as a result of your work, for example, as a therapist or an emergency worker, this is secondary exposure. The symptoms of STS are usually rapid in onset and associated with a particular event. They may include being afraid, having difficulty sleeping, having images of the upsetting event pop into your mind, or avoiding things that remind you of the event.

The average score on this scale is 50 (SD 10; alpha scale reliability .81). About 25% of people score below 43 and about 25% of people score above 57. If your score is above 57, you may want to take some time to think about what at work may be frightening to you or if there is some other reason for the elevated score. While higher scores do not mean that you do have a problem, they are an indication that you may want to examine how you feel about your work and your work environment. You may wish to discuss this with your supervisor, a colleague, or a health care professional.

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